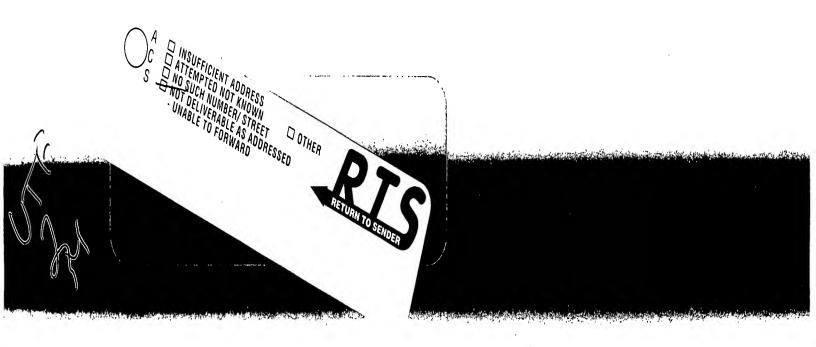
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/583,830	06/27/2007	Michael J. Macaluso		6308
MICHAEL J. M	7590 06/18/2010	• •	EXAM	IINER
78 FOREST GI	LEN DRIVE		THOMPSON,	BRADLEY E
HIGHLAND PA	ARK, NJ 08904		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2612	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/18/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

			Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	Office Action Commons		10/583,830	MACALUSO ET A	AL.
	Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit	
			BRADLEY E. THOMPSON	2612	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	nication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence ad	Idress -
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Status					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>22 Ju</i>	ne 2006		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			action is non-final.		
	Since this application is in condition	•		secution as to the	e mėrits is
	closed in accordance with the pract		·		
Dispositi	on of Claims				
4)🖾	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the	application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	are withdraw	n from consideration.		
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
="	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.				
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
-	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or	election requirement.		
Applicati	on Papers				
	The specification is objected to by th	e Evaminer			
	The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 June 200</u>			by the Evaminer	
	Applicant may not request that any obje	-		-	
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	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to				
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•			
12) 1	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign	priority under 35 II S C & 119(a)	l-(d) or (f)	
	☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	ior loreign p	briotity under 33 3.3.3. § 113(a))-(u) 01 (1).	
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority	documente	have been received		
			have been received in Applicati	on No	
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	Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation	-	;	d in this National	Stage
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3	ee the attached detailed Office action	on for a list c	or the certified copies not receive	d.	
Attachment	(s)				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
2) 🔲 Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite	
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date <u>Dec 27 2006</u> .		5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application	

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DETAILED ACTION

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Status of Claims

1. This is in response to the application filed on 06/22/2006. Claims 1-11 are presented for examination.

Drawings

2. The drawings submitted on 06/22/2006 are acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is not clear what does the claimed "Application profile" refer to?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato et al. (US Patent Application Pub 2001/0028678; Kato) in view of Johnson et al. (US Patent

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5,909,463; Johnson).

Claim 1:

Kato is drawn to apparatus and method for communication over power lines (PLC) (paragraph 1) which has transmit and receive capabilities (figure 1). He exhibits modules (figure 1) for producing electrical signals in accordance the PHY layer of a network protocol layer (paragraph 58). He discloses wherein his apparatus is able to operate in DMT communication mode or OFDM communication mode (paragraph 1) (reads on a power line communications "PLC" device having at least one of communications data transmission and reception capabilities comprises a physical communications protocol layer module adapted for operating in accordance with a plurality of communications signal transmission operating modes).

Kato exhibits IFFT 4 and FFT 14 modules (figure 1) which implement transform processing on data streams (reads on wherein the physical layer module includes a module for performing Fourier transform operations). However, he fails to disclose a selection module which serves to change communication operation modes.

In an analogous art, Johnson relates to a software adaptable transceiver on a single chip which has the capability to change operating modes. He exhibits a DSP core 60 which is tied to the FFT modules 73 via the PIO_EB bus 62 (figure 2) (column 15 lines 58-59). The DSP core 60 has the capability to configure the transceiver for various operating modes (column 9 lines 32-53) (reads on a selection module coupled to the Fourier transform module, wherein the selection module provides for selection of a communications operating mode for the PLC device from the plurality of communications transmission modes, wherein each of the modes corresponds to a transmission data structure defined in accordance with power line

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network operating characteristics and communication protocol requirements).

Further, Johnson teaches wherein the FFT and IFFT modules are dynamically configurable (column 16 lines 38-40) (column 17 lines 3-5) (reads on wherein the Fourier module is dynamically configurable to perform data processing operations in accordance with a selected communications signal transmission operating mode).

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kato with the DSP core of Johnson in order to invoke adaptability in a communication device (as taught by Johnson). A modification as such represents an improvement to Kato and would have predictable results.

Kato exhibits P/S 5 and S/P 15 modules tied to IFFT and FFT units respectively (figure 1) (reads on a module for converting between parallel and serial symbol data coupled to the selection module; wherein the symbol data converting module processes a transmission data block for the power line network based on the operating mode selected by the selection module). Claim 2 (see claim 1):

Johnson exhibits HPI module 68 which receives commands via the control port. DSP core 60 is in bidirectional communication with HPI (column 5 lines 43-48) (reads on wherein the selection module automatically selects the mode based on control data).

Claim 3 (see claim 1):

As discussed in the rejection of claim 1, Kato discloses a PLC apparatus with an OFDM mode of operation (reads on wherein the modes include at least one of a wavelet-like filtered and a conventional OFDM-based communications operations modes, and wherein the at least one modes are operable on electric power lines having predetermined operating voltages and

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frequencies).

Claim 8 (see claim 1):

As discussed in the rejection of claim 1, Johnson teaches a single chip transceiver (reads on wherein a portion of at least one of the Fourier transform, selection and data converting modules is implemented using a system-on-a-chip architecture).

Claim 9 (see claim 8):

Kato teaches Reed-Solomon FEC on the data (paragraph 59) and, as discussed in the rejection of claim 1, exhibits an S-P module. Johnson exhibits frequency equalization FEQ 106 (figure 3) and teaches single-chip architecture (reads on wherein the PLC device further includes at least one of a module for performing error correction, a module for performing data mapping, an equalization module and a module for converting between serial and parallel data, and wherein a portion of at least one of the error correction module, data mapping module, equalization module and data converting module is implemented using the system on a chip architecture).

Claim 10 (see claim 1):

Johnson recites a software FFT 20 (figure 1) (column 4 line 48) and, as discussed in the rejection of claim 1, teaches a DSP core for mode selection wherein the DSP core is programmable (reads on wherein at least one of the Fourier transform, selection and data converting modules is implemented in software).

Claim 11 (see claim 1):

Claim 11 is interpreted and thus rejected for the same reasons put forth in the rejection of claims 1, 9.

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7. Claims 4-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kato and Johnson in further view of McFarland (US Patent Application Pub 2002/0006167; McFarland).

Claim 4 (see claim 1):

Kato and Johnson fail to disclose mode selection based on dynamic analysis of the communication channel.

In a field of similar endeavor, McFarland is directed to an OFDM or DMT communication system which includes a means to select the operating mode based on explicit channel measurements (abstract). In particular, he teaches a means for setting the operating mode based on measurement of channel characteristics (paragraphs 49-50) (reads on wherein the selection module selects a mode based on data obtained from dynamic channel analysis of the power line network).

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kato and Johnson with selection means of McFarland since it serves to optimize system performance due to channel degradation or noise (McFarland paragraph 50).

Claim 5 (see claim 1):

Kato and Johnson fail to disclose mode selection based on a communications profile.

In a field of similar endeavor, McFarland teaches a means for setting the operating mode based on multiple inputs e.g. mode forcing from protocol control (figure 10) (paragraph 45) (reads on wherein the selection module selects a mode based on data representative of communications profile requirements of the power line network).

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

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invention to modify Kato and Johnson with selection means of McFarland since it allows the

system to communicate with legacy nodes (McFarland paragraphs 45, 57).

Claim 6 (see claim 1):

Kato and Johnson fail to disclose mode selection based on an applications profile.

In a field of similar endeavor, McFarland teaches a means for setting the operating mode

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based on a priori knowledge (paragraphs 46-47) (reads on wherein the selection module selects a

mode based on data representative of an application profile).

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to modify Kato and Johnson with selection means of McFarland since it allows the

system to communicate with efficiency.

Claim 7 (see claim 1):

Kato and Johnson fail to disclose mode selection based on the size of a symbol relative to

a communications profile.

In a field of similar endeavor, McFarland teaches a means for setting the operating mode

based on symbol rate and number of carriers (figure 10) (paragraphs 44, 45) (reads on wherein

the selection module selects a mode based on the size of a symbol corresponding to an identified

communications connection oriented profile).

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to modify Kato and Johnson with selection means of McFarland since it allows the

system to communicate with legacy nodes (McFarland paragraphs 45, 57).

Citation of Pertinent Art

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8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

US 2002/0031226 May 14 2002 Simonsen et al.

US 5,497,398 May 5 1996 Tzannes et al.

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRADLEY E. THOMPSON whose telephone number is (571)270-5583. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8 to 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel Wu can be reached on 571-272-2964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

BRADLEY E THOMPSON Examiner Art Unit 2612

/BET/

/Daniel Wu/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2612

Notice of References Cited Application/Control No. 10/583,830 Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination MACALUSO ET AL. Examiner BRADLEY E. THOMPSON 2612 Page 1 of 1

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*	Α	US-5,497,398 A	03-1996	Tzannes et al.	375/260
*	В	US-5,909,463 A	06-1999	Johnson et al.	375/220
*	С	US-2001/0028678 A1	10-2001	Kato et al.	375/222
*	D	US-2002/0006167 A1	01-2002	McFarland, William	375/260
*	Е	US-2002/0031226 A1	03-2002	Simonsen et al.	380/255
*	F	US-6,952,441 B2	10-2005	Peeters, Miguel	375/222
*	G	US-2007/0121676 A1	05-2007	Koga et al.	370/482
*	Н	US-2007/0223360 A1	09-2007	Ichihara, Fumio	370/204
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NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

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Date of Deposit: December 27, 2006

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Attorney Docket No. 34585-515 NATL

Modified Form 1449/PTO INFORMATION DISCLOSURE				Application Number Filing Date First Named Inventor			10/583,830		
							June 21, 2006		
							Michael MA	Michael MACALUSO	
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT					Art Unit	-	Not Yet Assigned		
				Exami	ner Name	· · · · ·	Not Yet Ass	igned	
(use as many sheets as necessary)				Attorney Docket Number		34585-515 NATL			
			u vist	PATEN	T DOCUMENTS:				
Exam Initials	Cite No.	U.S. Patent Document No.	Issue Date		Name of Patentee(s) or Applicant(s)	Class	Sub Class	Filing Date If Appropriate	
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		20020006167 A1	April 20, 20	001	McFarland				
	7,075,941 B2 March 1, 20		Ю1	Liu et al.					
		5,909,463 A November 4			Johnson et al.	1		<u> </u>	

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Exam Initials	Cite No.	Foreign Patent Office	Document Number	Name of Patentee(s) or A	Applicant(s)	Date of Publication	Translation Yes No		
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Exam Initials	Cite No.			nen appropriate), Publicati					
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	D2		Rauschmayer, "ADSL/VDSL Principles", Macmillan Technical Publishing, page 171, 1999						
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	D5	Lee et a	Lee et al. "HomePlug 1.0 powerline communication LANs - protocol description and performance results version 5.4", International Journal of Communication Systems, Pages: 1-25, 2000						
Examiner Signature		/Bradley Thompson/ Date Considered 06/07/2010							

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

NYC 379087v.1